

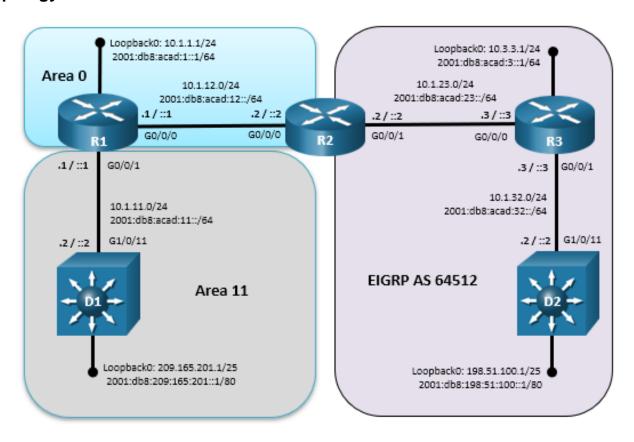
## Lab - Configure Route Redistribution Between EIGRP and OSPF

(Instructor Version)

Instructor Note: Red font color or gray highlights indicate text that appears in the instructor copy only.

# **Answers:** 16.1.2 Lab - Configure Route Redistribution Between EIGRP and OSPF

#### **Topology**



#### **Addressing Table**

Device	Interface	IPv4 Address/Mask	IPv6 Address/Prefix	IPv6 Link Local
R1	G0/0/0	10.1.12.1/24	2001:db8:acad:12::1/64	fe80::12:1
	G0/0/1	G0/0/1 10.1.11.1/24 2001:db8:acad:11::1		fe80::11:1
	Loopback 0	10.1.1.1/24	2001:db8:acad:1::1/64	fe80::1:1
R2	G0/0/0	10.1.12.2/24	2001:db8:acad:12::2/64	fe80::12:2
	G0/0/1	10.1.23.2/24	2001:db8:acad:23::2/64	fe80::23:2

Device	Interface	IPv4 Address/Mask	IPv6 Address/Prefix	IPv6 Link Local
R3	G0/0/0	10.1.23.3/24	2001:db8:acad:23::3/64	fe80::23:3
	G0/0/1	10.1.32.1/24	2001:db8:acad:32::3/64	fe80::32:3
	Loopback 0	10.3.3.3/24	2001:db8:acad:3::3/64	fe80::3:3
D1	G1/0/11	10.1.11.2/24	2001:db8:acad:11::2/64	fe80::11:2
	Loopback 0	209.165.201.1/25	2001:db8:209:165:201::1/80	fe80::209:1
D2	G1/0/11	10.1.32.2/24	2001:db8:acad:32::2/64	fe80::32:2
	Loopback 0	198.51.100.1/25	2001:db8:198:51:100::1/80	fe80::198:1

#### **Objectives**

- Part 1: Build the Network and Configure Basic Device Settings
- Part 2: Verify OSPFv3 AF Neighborships and Routing for IPv4 and IPv6
- Part 3: Verify EIGRP Neighborships and Routing for IPv4 and IPv6
- Part 4: Configure Redistribution from OSPFv3 to EIGRP
- Part 5: Configure Redistribution from EIGRP to OSPFv3

#### **Background / Scenario**

In this lab, you will configure redistribution from OSPF into EIGRP for IPv4 and IPv6, and redistribution of EIGRP into OSPF for IPv4 and IPv6. You will also change the metric type for EIGRP routes redistributed into OSPF.

D1, R1 and R2 are configured with OSPFv3 for IPv4 and IPv6 address families, while R2, R3 and D2 are configured with EIGRP using named mode for IPv4 and IPv6 address families.

**Note:** This lab is an exercise in configuring and verifying two-way route redistribution on R2. Route redistribution in this lab does not reflect networking best practices.

**Note**: The routers used with CCNP hands-on labs are Cisco 4221 with Cisco IOS XE Release 16.9.4 (universalk9 image). The switches used in the labs are Cisco Catalyst 3650 with Cisco IOS XE Release 16.9.4 (universalk9 image). Other routers, switches, and Cisco IOS versions can be used. Depending on the model and Cisco IOS version, the commands available and the output produced might vary from what is shown in the labs.

**Note**: Make sure that all the devices have been erased and have no startup configurations. If you are unsure, contact your instructor.

Instructor Note: Refer to the Instructor Lab Manual for the procedures to initialize and reload devices.

#### **Required Resources**

- 3 Routers (Cisco 4221 with Cisco IOS XE Release 16.9.4 universal image or comparable)
- 2 Switches (Cisco 3650 with Cisco IOS XE release 16.9.4 universal image or comparable)
- 1 PC (Choice of operating system with terminal emulation program installed)
- Console cables to configure the Cisco IOS devices via the console ports
- Ethernet cables as shown in the topology

#### Instructions

#### Part 1: Build the Network and Configure Basic Device Settings

In Part 1, you will set up the network topology and configure basic settings.

#### Step 1: Cable the network as shown in the topology.

Attach the devices as shown in the topology diagram, and cable as necessary.

#### Step 2: Configure basic settings for each device.

a. Console into each device, enter global configuration mode, and apply the basic settings for the lab. Initial configurations for each device are listed below.

```
hostname R1
no ip domain lookup
ipv6 unicast-routing
banner motd # R1, Configure Route Redistribution Between EIGRP and OSPF #
line con 0
 exec-timeout 0 0
 logging synchronous
 exit
router ospfv3 1
 router-id 1.1.1.1
exit
interface g0/0/0
 ip address 10.1.12.1 255.255.255.0
 ipv6 address FE80::12:1 link-local
 ipv6 address 2001:DB8:ACAD:12::1/64
 ospfv3 1 ipv6 area 0
 ospfv3 1 ipv4 area 0
 no shutdown
 exit
interface q0/0/1
 ip address 10.1.11.1 255.255.255.0
 ipv6 address fe80::11:1 link-local
 ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:11::1/64
 ospfv3 1 ipv6 area 11
 ospfv3 1 ipv4 area 11
 no shutdown
 exit
interface loopback 0
 ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
 ipv6 address FE80::1:1 link-local
 ipv6 address 2001:DB8:ACAD:1::1/64
 ospfv3 network point-to-point
```

```
ospfv3 1 ipv4 area 0
ospfv3 1 ipv6 area 0
no shutdown
exit
router ospfv3 1
address-family ipv4 unicast
passive-interface Loopback0
exit-address-family
address-family ipv6 unicast
passive-interface Loopback0
exit-address-family
end
```

```
hostname R2
no ip domain lookup
ipv6 unicast-routing
banner motd # R2, Configure Route Redistribution Between EIGRP and OSPF #
line con 0
 exec-timeout 0 0
 logging synchronous
 exit
router ospfv3 1
 router-id 2.2.2.2
 address-family ipv4 unicast
 exit-address-family
address-family ipv6 unicast
 exit-address-family
interface q0/0/0
 ip address 10.1.12.2 255.255.255.0
 ipv6 address FE80::12:2 link-local
 ipv6 address 2001:DB8:ACAD:12::2/64
 ospfv3 1 ipv6 area 0
 ospfv3 1 ipv4 area 0
 no shutdown
 exit
interface g0/0/1
 ip address 10.1.23.2 255.255.255.0
 ipv6 address fe80::23:2 link-local
 ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:23::2/64
 no shutdown
 exit
router eigrp CISCO
address-family ipv4 unicast autonomous-system 64512
  af-interface default
   shutdown
```

```
exit-af-interface
     af-interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1
     no shutdown
     exit-af-interface
     topology base
     exit-af-topology
     network 10.1.23.0 0.0.0.255
     eigrp router-id 2.2.2.2
    exit-address-family
   address-family ipv6 unicast autonomous-system 64512
     af-interface default
      shutdown
     exit-af-interface
     af-interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1
     no shutdown
     exit-af-interface
     topology base
     exit-af-topology
    exit-address-family
   end
Router R3
  hostname R3
   no ip domain lookup
   ipv6 unicast-routing
  banner motd # R3, Configure Route Redistribution Between EIGRP and OSPF #
   line con 0
   exec-timeout 0 0
   logging synchronous
   exit
   interface g0/0/0
    ip address 10.1.23.3 255.255.255.0
    ipv6 address fe80::23:3 link-local
   ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:23::3/64
   no shutdown
    exit
   interface g0/0/1
    ip address 10.1.32.3 255.255.255.0
   ipv6 address fe80::32:3 link-local
    ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:32::3/64
   no shutdown
    exit
   interface loopback 0
    ip address 10.3.3.3 255.255.255.0
    ipv6 address fe80::3:3 link-local
```

ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:3::3/64

```
no shutdown
    exit
   router eigrp CISCO
   address-family ipv4 unicast autonomous-system 64512
     af-interface default
      shutdown
     exit-af-interface
     af-interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
     no shutdown
     exit-af-interface
     af-interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1
     no shutdown
     exit-af-interface
     af-interface Loopback0
     no shutdown
     exit-af-interface
     topology base
     exit-af-topology
     network 10.1.23.0 0.0.0.255
     network 10.1.32.0 0.0.0.255
     network 10.3.3.0 0.0.0.255
     eigrp router-id 3.3.3.3
    exit-address-family
   address-family ipv6 unicast autonomous-system 64512
     af-interface default
      shutdown
     exit-af-interface
     af-interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
     no shutdown
     exit-af-interface
     af-interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1
     no shutdown
     exit-af-interface
     af-interface Loopback0
     no shutdown
     exit-af-interface
     topology base
     exit-af-topology
     eigrp router-id 3.3.3.3
    exit-address-family
   end
Switch D1
   hostname D1
   no ip domain lookup
   ip routing
```

```
ipv6 unicast-routing
  banner motd # D1, Configure Route Redistribution Between EIGRP and OSPF #
   line con 0
    exec-timeout 0 0
   logging synchronous
   exit
   router ospfv3 1
    router-id 11.11.11.11
    exit.
   interface range g1/0/1-24
    shutdown
   exit
   interface g1/0/11
   no switchport
   ip address 10.1.11.2 255.255.255.0
    ipv6 address fe80::11:2 link-local
    ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:11::2/64
    ospfv3 1 ipv6 area 11
    ospfv3 1 ipv4 area 11
    no shutdown
    exit
   interface loopback 0
    ip address 209.165.201.1 255.255.255.128
    ipv6 address fe80::209:1 link-local
    ipv6 address 2001:db8:209:165:201::1/80
    no shutdown
    exit
   router ospfv3 1
   address-family ipv4 unicast
     passive-interface Loopback0
     default-information originate
   exit-address-family
   address-family ipv6 unicast
     passive-interface Loopback0
     default-information originate
    exit-address-family
   ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 Loopback0
   ipv6 route ::/0 Loopback0
   exit
Switch D2
  hostname D2
   no ip domain lookup
   ip routing
   ipv6 unicast-routing
  banner motd # D2, Configure Route Redistribution Between EIGRP and OSPF #
```

```
line con 0
 exec-timeout 0 0
logging synchronous
interface range g1/0/1-24
 shutdown
exit
interface q1/0/11
 no switchport
 ip address 10.1.32.2 255.255.255.0
 ipv6 address fe80::32:2 link-local
 ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:32::2/64
 no shutdown
exit
interface loopback 0
 ip address 198.51.100.1 255.255.255.128
 ipv6 address fe80::198:2 link-local
 ipv6 address 2001:db8:198:51:100::1/80
 no shutdown
 router eigrp CISCO
 address-family ipv4 unicast autonomous-system 64512
 af-interface default
   shutdown
  exit-af-interface
  af-interface Loopback0
  no shutdown
  passive-interface
  exit-af-interface
  af-interface GigabitEthernet1/0/11
  no shutdown
  exit-af-interface
  topology base
  exit-af-topology
  network 10.1.32.0 0.0.0.255
 network 198.51.100.0 0.0.0.127
  eigrp router-id 22.22.22.22
 exit-address-family
 address-family ipv6 unicast autonomous-system 64512
 af-interface default
   shutdown
  exit-af-interface
  af-interface Loopback0
  no shutdown
  passive-interface
  exit-af-interface
```

```
af-interface GigabitEthernet1/0/11
no shutdown
exit-af-interface
topology base
exit-af-topology
eigrp router-id 22.22.22
exit-address-family
exit
```

- b. Set the clock on all devices to UTC time.
- c. Save the running configuration to startup-config on all devices.

#### Part 2: Verify OSPFv3 AF Neighborships and Routing for IPv4 and IPv6

In this part, you will verify that OSPF has established neighbor relationships and routing for IPv4 and IPv6.

#### Step 1: Verify OSPFv3 AF neighborships on R1.

a. Verify R1 has OSPFv3 neighbors: two neighbors from IPv4 address family and two from IPv6 address family.

#### R1# show ospfv3 neighbor

#### OSPFv3 1 address-family ipv4 (router-id 1.1.1.1)

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Interface ID	Interface
2.2.2.2	1	FULL/BDR	00:00:36	6	GigabitEthernet0/0/0
11.11.11.11	1	FULL/BDR	00:00:31	38	GigabitEthernet0/0/1

#### OSPFv3 1 address-family ipv6 (router-id 1.1.1.1)

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Interface ID	Interface
2.2.2.2	1	FULL/BDR	00:00:39	6	GigabitEthernet0/0/0
11.11.11.11	1	FULL/BDR	00:00:39	38	GigabitEthernet0/0/1

b. The output shows four OSPFv3 neighbors: two neighbors from IPv4 address family and two from IPv6 address family.

#### Step 2: Verify the IPv4 OSPFv3 routing table on R2.

a. Verify the OSPFv3 IPv4 routing table on R2. Notice the default route, the intra–area, and inter–area OSPF routes are installed and received from 10.1.12.1, which is R1.

```
\ensuremath{\text{R2\#}} show ip route ospfv3 | begin Gateway
```

```
Gateway of last resort is 10.1.12.1 to network 0.0.0.0
```

b. From R2, ping the Loopback 0 address on D1. The ping should be successful.

```
R2# ping 209.165.201.1
```

Type escape sequence to abort.

```
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 209.165.201.1, timeout is 2 seconds: !!!!!!
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/1/2 ms
```

#### Step 3: Verify IPv6 OSPFv3 routing table on R2.

a. Verify the OSPFv3 IPv4 routing table on R2. Notice the default route, the intra–area, and inter–area OSPF routes are installed and received from fe80::12:1, which is R1.

```
R2# show ipv6 route ospf
< some output omitted >
OE2 ::/0 [110/1], tag 1
    via FE80::12:1, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
O    2001:DB8:ACAD:1::/64 [110/2]
    via FE80::12:1, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
OI    2001:DB8:ACAD:11::/64 [110/2]
    via FE80::12:1, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
```

R2# ping 2001:db8:209:165:201::1

b. From R2, ping the IPv6 Loopback 0 address on D1. The ping should be successful.

```
Type escape sequence to abort.

Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 2001:DB8:209:165:201::1, timeout is 2 seconds:
!!!!!

Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/1/3 ms
```

c. The output for the ping in the previous step and this step confirms that R2 has learned OSPFv3 routes for IPv4 and IPv6, including a default route for IPv4 and IPv6. The output also confirms R2 can ping the Loopback 0 address from both IPv4 and IPv6.

#### Part 3: Verify EIGRP Neighborships and Routing for IPv4 and IPv6

In this part, you will verify that EIGRP has established neighbor relationships and routing for IPv4 and IPv6.

#### Step 1: Verify EIGRP for IPv4 neighborships on R3.

Issue the command to verify EIGRP has two IPv4 neighbors, as shown.

```
R3# show ip eigrp neighbors
EIGRP-IPv4 VR(CISCO) Address-Family Neighbors for AS(64512)
                                              Hold Uptime
   Address
                         Interface
                                                           SRTT
                                                                 RTO QSeq
                                              (sec)
                                                           (ms)
                                                                     CntNum
                                               10 20:13:56 3 100 013
   10.1.32.2
1
                         Gi0/0/1
                                               13 20:31:08 1 100 019
   10.1.23.2
                        Gi0/0/0
```

Notice the two IPv4 neighbors, 10.1.23.2 and 10.1.32.2.

#### Step 2: Verify the EIGRP for IPv6 neighborships on R3.

Issue the command to verify EIGRP has two IPv6 neighbors, as shown.

# R3# show ipv6 eigrp neighbors EIGRP-IPv6 VR(CISCO) Address-Family Neighbors for AS(64512) H Address Interface Hold Uptime SRTT RTO QSeq (sec) (ms) CntNum 1 Link-local address: Gi0/0/1 13 20:13:20 3 100 09 FE80::32:2

```
0 Link-local address: Gi0/0/0 11 20:32:08 1 100 019 FE80::23:2
```

Notice the two IPv6 neighbors, fe80::23:2 and fe80::32:2.

#### Step 3: Verify EIGRP for IPv4 routing table on R2.

Issue the command to display the EIGRP IPv4 routing table on R2, as shown.

Notice three internal EIGRP routes from 10.1.23.3, which is R3.

#### Step 4: Verify EIGRP for IPv6 routing table on R2.

Issue the command to display the IPv6 EIGRP routing table on R2, as shown.

```
R2# show ipv6 route eigrp | begin 2001

D 2001:DB8:198:51:100::/80 [90/16000]
    via FE80::23:3, GigabitEthernet0/0/1

D 2001:DB8:ACAD:3::/64 [90/10880]
    via FE80::23:3, GigabitEthernet0/0/1

D 2001:DB8:ACAD:32::/64 [90/15360]
    via FE80::23:3, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
```

The output above confirms R2 has learned EIGRP routes for IPv4 and IPv6.

#### Part 4: Configure Redistribution from OSPFv3 to EIGRP

Recall that every protocol provides a seed metric at the time of redistribution. By default, when source protocols, such as, OSPF, RIP, and IS-IS, are redistributed into EIGRP, they are given an administrative distance of 170 and a seed metric of infinity. This prevents the installation of the redistributed routes into the EIGRP topology table. The seed metric can be set using the **redistribute** or **default-metric** command. Additionally, when using a route map, the seed metric can be configured using the **set metric** option.

For IPv4, you will set the seed metric using the redistribute command and the default-metric command.

#### Step 1: Redistribute OSPFv3 into EIGRP for IPv4.

In this step were going to the destination EIGRP AS 64512 to perform redistribution. Since EIGRP is using named mode the **redistribute** command is entered in the address family topology configuration mode, as shown.

```
R2 (config) # router eigrp CISCO
R2 (config-router) # address-family ipv4 autonomous-system 64512
R2 (config-router-af) # topology base
R2 (config-router-af-topology) # redistribute ospfv3 1 metric 1000000 10 255 1 1500
R2 (config-router-af-topology) # end
```

#### Step 2: On D2, verify redistribution of OSPFv3.

Issue the **show ip route eigrp** on D2 to see the external EIGRP routes from OSPFv3.

```
D2# show ip route eigrp | begin Gateway
```

Notice the gateway of last resort has been set and D2 has learned four external EIGRP routes which originated from OSPFv3. The OSPFv3 routes are imported into EIGRP as external, D EX routes with an administrative distance of 170, which are higher than the internal EIGRP routes of 90.

#### Step 3: Redistribute OSPFv3 into EIGRP for IPv6.

Again, go to the destination protocol to perform redistribution. In this example you will set the seed metric using the **default-metric** command. Both commands are configured in the IPv6 address-family topology base, as shown.

```
R2(config) # router eigrp CISCO
R2(config-router) # address-family ipv6 autonomous-system 64512
R2(config-router-af) # topology base
R2(config-router-af-topology) # default-metric 1000000 10 255 1 1500
R2(config-router-af-topology) # redistribute ospf 1
```

**Note**: Do not leave AF topology configuration mode.

In the example above, the seed metric was set using the default-metric command.

Notice the **include-connected** option was not configured using the **redistribute ospf 1** command. The **include-connected** command must be set for OSPFv3 IPv6 connected interface on R2, in our example, 2001:db8:acad:12::/64 to be redistributed into EIGRP. With IPv4, connected interfaces are automatically advertised into the routing protocol for connected interfaces the source protocol is advertising. For IPv6, the administrator decides whether the connected subnets are included into redistribution.

Also notice under the EIGRP IPv6 address family, it is not possible to specify OSPFv3 as the source protocol for redistribution. Instead the **ospf** keyword automatically assumes OSPFv3 since the command is entered under the IPv6 address family.

#### Step 4: On D2 Verify OSPFv3 redistribution for IPv6.

Issue the command to view the IPv6 routing table for EIGRP.

```
D2# show ipv6 route eigrp | begin EX ::
EX ::/0 [170/66560], tag 1
    via FE80::32:3, GigabitEthernet1/0/11
EX 2001:DB8:ACAD:1::/64 [170/66560]
    via FE80::32:3, GigabitEthernet1/0/11
D 2001:DB8:ACAD:3::/64 [90/10880]
    via FE80::32:3, GigabitEthernet1/0/11
EX 2001:DB8:ACAD:11::/64 [170/66560]
```

```
via FE80::32:3, GigabitEthernet1/0/11
D 2001:DB8:ACAD:23::/64 [90/15360]
via FE80::32:3, GigabitEthernet1/0/11
```

Notice the three highlighted external routes. The 2001:db8:acad:12::/64 prefix was not redistributed because of the missing **include-connected** keyword.

#### Step 5: Redistribute OSPFv3 connected routes into EIGRP for IPv6.

a. From the EIGRP IPv6 address family topology configuration mode configure redistribution with the same command as the previous step, but this time add **include-connected** as shown.

```
R2(config-router-af-topology) # redistribute ospf 1 include-connected
R2(config-router-af-topology) # end
```

b. On D2, verify the IPv6 prefixes are being redistributed as before, as well as the connected prefix, which is included and highlighted in the routing table.

```
D2# show ipv6 route eigrp | begin EX ::

EX ::/0 [170/66560], tag 1
    via FE80::32:3, GigabitEthernet1/0/11

EX 2001:DB8:ACAD:1::/64 [170/66560]
    via FE80::32:3, GigabitEthernet1/0/11

D 2001:DB8:ACAD:3::/64 [90/10880]
    via FE80::32:3, GigabitEthernet1/0/11

EX 2001:DB8:ACAD:11::/64 [170/66560]
    via FE80::32:3, GigabitEthernet1/0/11

EX 2001:DB8:ACAD:12::/64 [170/66560]
    via FE80::32:3, GigabitEthernet1/0/11

D 2001:DB8:ACAD:23::/64 [90/15360]
    via FE80::32:3, GigabitEthernet1/0/11
```

#### Part 5: Configure Redistribution from EIGRP for IPv4 into OSPFv3

In this part, you will perform EIGRP for IPv4 redistribution into OSPFv3.

**Note**: When redistributing into OSPFv2, you must include the **subnets** keyword. The keyword **subnets** is required for classless networks to be advertised. If omitted only classful networks using a classful mask will be redistributed.

#### Step 1: On R2, redistribute EIGRP into OSPFv3.

The **redistribute** command is always performed on the destination protocol. Start by accessing the OSPFv3 address family for IPv4. Then redistribute the source protocol, EIGRP 64512 into the destination protocol, as shown.

```
R2(config) # router ospfv3 1
R2(config-router) # address-family ipv4 unicast
R2(config-router-af) # redistribute eigrp 64512
```

Note: Do not leave AF configuration mode.

#### Step 2: Verify redistribution on D1.

Issue the **show ip route ospfv3** on D1 to see the external OSPF routes from EIGRP.

```
D1# show ip route ospfv3 | begin Gateway
Gateway of last resort is 0.0.0.0 to network 0.0.0.0
```

Notice the highlighted external E2 OSPF routes. By default, external LSAs appear in the routing table marked as E2 with an external cost of 20.

#### Step 3: Redistribute EIGRP into OSPFv3 using a Type 1.

From the address family configuration mode, modify the **redistribute** command configured in Step 1 to specify an external type 1.

```
R2(config-router-af)# redistribute eigrp 64512 metric-type ?
  1  Set OSPF External Type 1 metrics
  2  Set OSPF External Type 2 metrics

R2(config-router-af)# redistribute eigrp 64512 metric-type 1
R2(config-router-af)# exit
```

#### Step 4: Verify redistribution again on D1.

a. Issue the **show ip route ospfv3** on D1 to see the external OSPF routes.

D1# show ip route ospfv3 | begin Gateway

Notice the highlighted external E1 OSPF routes. These E1 routes have a cost of 22 which includes the default cost of 20 plus the internal cost of 2.

b. From D2 ping the Loopback address on D1 using Loopback address of D2. The ping should be successful. This verifies successful two-way redistribution on R2 and end-to-end connectivity for IPv4.

```
D2# ping 209.165.201.1 source loopback 0

Type escape sequence to abort.

Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 209.165.201.1, timeout is 2 seconds: Packet sent with a source address of 198.51.100.1
!!!!!

Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 2/2/3 ms
```

#### Step 5: Configure redistribution of EIGRP for IPv6 routes into OSPFv3 using a route map.

Next, you will redistribute EIGRP for IPv6 routes into OSPFv3 using a route map to set the external LSA to a metric type 1, or E1.

a. First, you create a route map name **E20** with a permit statement using a sequence number of 10. Because you are not going to use the **match** command, the default action is to match all. Then you set the metric type to an E1, or m, as shown.

```
R2(config) # route-map E20 permit 10
R2(config-route-map) # set metric-type type-1
R2(config-route-map) # exit
```

b. Next, you access the OSPFv3 IPv6 address family. Then you issue the **redistribute** command and specify the route map name. Ensure to add the **include-connected** after the route map name, as shown.

```
R2(config) # router ospfv3 1
R2(config-router) # address-family ipv6
R2(config-router-af) # redistribute eigrp 64512 route-map E2O include-connected
R2(config-router-af) # exit
```

The route map **E20** will match all redistributed routes, including connected interfaces advertised in EIGRP 64512.

### Step 6: On D1 verify that routes from EIGRP for IPv6 are imported into OSPFv3 with the external metric type 1.

a. Issue the **show ipv6 route ospf** on D1 to see the external EIGRP routes. Notice the highlighted external E1 OSPF routes.

```
D1# show ipv6 route ospf
< output omitted >
OE1 2001:DB8:198:51:100::/80 [110/22]
    via FE80::11:1, GigabitEthernet1/0/11
OI 2001:DB8:ACAD:1::/64 [110/2]
    via FE80::11:1, GigabitEthernet1/0/11
OE1 2001:DB8:ACAD:3::/64 [110/22]
    via FE80::11:1, GigabitEthernet1/0/11
OI 2001:DB8:ACAD:12::/64 [110/2]
    via FE80::11:1, GigabitEthernet1/0/11
OE1 2001:DB8:ACAD:23::/64 [110/22]
    via FE80::11:1, GigabitEthernet1/0/11
OE1 2001:DB8:ACAD:32::/64 [110/22]
    via FE80::11:1, GigabitEthernet1/0/11
```

b. From D2, ping the Loopback address on D1 using Loopback address of D2. The ping should be successful. This verifies full successful two-way redistribution on R2 and end-to-end connectivity for IPv6.

```
D2# ping 2001:db8:209:165:201::1 source loopback 0

Type escape sequence to abort.

Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 2001:DB8:209:165:201::1, timeout is 2 seconds:

Packet sent with a source address of 2001:DB8:198:51:100::1

!!!!!

Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 2/4/9 ms
```

#### **Reflection Questions**

1. What is the difference between an external OSPF E2 and E1?

OSPF metric type E2 is the default, if not specified. An E2 has an external cost of 20. Metric type 1 or E1 calculates the cost by adding the external cost to the internal cost for each link the packet traverses. Use an E1 when there are multiple ASBRs advertising an external route to the same AS.

2. What are three ways to set a seed metric during redistribution?

Using the redistribute command, using the default-metric command and using a route map with the set metric command

3. What is the default action in a route map if you do not include the match command?

#### The default action is to match any

#### **Router Interface Summary Table**

Router Model	Ethernet Interface #1	Ethernet Interface #2	Serial Interface #1	Serial Interface #2
1800	Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0)	Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1)	Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0)	Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1)
1900	Gigabit Ethernet 0/0 (G0/0)	Gigabit Ethernet 0/1 (G0/1)	Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0)	Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1)
2801	Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0)	Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1)	Serial 0/1/0 (S0/1/0)	Serial 0/1/1 (S0/1/1)
2811	Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0)	Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1)	Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0)	Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1)
2900	Gigabit Ethernet 0/0 (G0/0)	Gigabit Ethernet 0/1 (G0/1)	Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0)	Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1)
4221	Gigabit Ethernet 0/0/0 (G0/0/0)	Gigabit Ethernet 0/0/1 (G0/0/1)	Serial 0/1/0 (S0/1/0)	Serial 0/1/1 (S0/1/1)
4300	Gigabit Ethernet 0/0/0 (G0/0/0)	Gigabit Ethernet 0/0/1 (G0/0/1)	Serial 0/1/0 (S0/1/0)	Serial 0/1/1 (S0/1/1)

**Note**: To find out how the router is configured, look at the interfaces to identify the type of router and how many interfaces the router has. There is no way to effectively list all the combinations of configurations for each router class. This table includes identifiers for the possible combinations of Ethernet and Serial interfaces in the device. The table does not include any other type of interface, even though a specific router may contain one. An example of this might be an ISDN BRI interface. The string in parenthesis is the legal abbreviation that can be used in Cisco IOS commands to represent the interface.

#### **Device Configs - Final**

#### Router R1

R1# show run

```
Building configuration...
Current configuration: 2238 bytes
version 16.9
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
platform qfp utilization monitor load 80
no platform punt-keepalive disable-kernel-core
hostname R1
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
no aaa new-model
no ip domain lookup
subscriber templating
ipv6 unicast-routing
multilink bundle-name authenticated
spanning-tree extend system-id
redundancy
mode none
interface Loopback0
ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
ipv6 address FE80::1:1 link-local
ipv6 address 2001:DB8:ACAD:1::1/64
ospfv3 network point-to-point
ospfv3 1 ipv4 area 0
ospfv3 1 ipv6 area 0
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
ip address 10.1.12.1 255.255.255.0
negotiation auto
ipv6 address FE80::12:1 link-local
ipv6 address 2001:DB8:ACAD:12::1/64
ospfv3 1 ipv6 area 0
ospfv3 1 ipv4 area 0
```

```
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1
ip address 10.1.11.1 255.255.255.0
negotiation auto
ipv6 address FE80::11:1 link-local
ipv6 address 2001:DB8:ACAD:11::1/64
ospfv3 1 ipv4 area 11
ospfv3 1 ipv6 area 11
interface Serial0/1/0
no ip address
interface Serial0/1/1
no ip address
router ospfv3 1
router-id 1.1.1.1
address-family ipv4 unicast
passive-interface Loopback0
exit-address-family
address-family ipv6 unicast
passive-interface Loopback0
exit-address-family
ip forward-protocol nd
no ip http server
ip http secure-server
control-plane
banner motd ^C R1, Configure Route Redistribution Between EIGRP and OSPF ^C
line con 0
exec-timeout 0 0
logging synchronous
transport input none
stopbits 1
line aux 0
stopbits 1
line vty 0 4
login
end
```

```
R2# show running-config
Building configuration...
```

```
Current configuration: 2716 bytes
version 16.6
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
platform qfp utilization monitor load 80
no platform punt-keepalive disable-kernel-core
hostname R2
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
no aaa new-model
no ip domain lookup
login on-success log
subscriber templating
ipv6 unicast-routing
multilink bundle-name authenticated
spanning-tree extend system-id
redundancy
mode none
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
ip address 10.1.12.2 255.255.255.0
negotiation auto
ipv6 address FE80::12:2 link-local
ipv6 address 2001:DB8:ACAD:12::2/64
ospfv3 1 ipv4 area 0
ospfv3 1 ipv6 area 0
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1
ip address 10.1.23.2 255.255.255.0
negotiation auto
ipv6 address FE80::23:2 link-local
ipv6 address 2001:DB8:ACAD:23::2/64
router eigrp CISCO
 address-family ipv4 unicast autonomous-system 64512
 af-interface default
   shutdown
```

```
exit-af-interface
 af-interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1
  no shutdown
 exit-af-interface
 topology base
  redistribute ospfv3 1 metric 1000000 10 255 1 1500
  exit-af-topology
 network 10.1.23.0 0.0.0.255
 eigrp router-id 2.2.2.2
 exit-address-family
!
 address-family ipv6 unicast autonomous-system 64512
 af-interface default
  shutdown
 exit-af-interface
 af-interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1
  no shutdown
  exit-af-interface
  topology base
  default-metric 1000000 10 255 1 1500
 redistribute ospf 1 include-connected
 exit-af-topology
exit-address-family
router ospfv3 1
router-id 2.2.2.2
address-family ipv4 unicast
redistribute eigrp 64512 metric-type 1
exit-address-family
address-family ipv6 unicast
 redistribute eigrp 64512 route-map E20 include-connected
exit-address-family
ip forward-protocol nd
no ip http server
ip http secure-server
route-map E20 permit 10
set metric-type type-1
control-plane
banner motd ^C R2, Configure Route Redistribution Between EIGRP and OSPF ^C
```

```
!
line con 0
exec-timeout 0 0
logging synchronous
transport input none
stopbits 1
line aux 0
stopbits 1
line vty 0 4
login
!
end
```

```
R3# show running-config
Building configuration...
```

```
Current configuration: 2770 bytes
version 16.6
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
platform qfp utilization monitor load 80
no platform punt-keepalive disable-kernel-core
hostname R3
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
no aaa new-model
no ip domain lookup
login on-success log
subscriber templating
ipv6 unicast-routing
multilink bundle-name authenticated
Spanning-tree extend system-id
redundancy
mode none
interface Loopback0
ip address 10.3.3.3 255.255.255.0
```

```
ipv6 address FE80::3:3 link-local
ipv6 address 2001:DB8:ACAD:3::3/64
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
ip address 10.1.23.3 255.255.255.0
negotiation auto
ipv6 address FE80::23:3 link-local
ipv6 address 2001:DB8:ACAD:23::3/64
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1
ip address 10.1.32.3 255.255.255.0
negotiation auto
ipv6 address FE80::32:3 link-local
ipv6 address 2001:DB8:ACAD:32::3/64
interface Serial0/1/0
no ip address
interface Serial0/1/1
no ip address
router eigrp CISCO
address-family ipv4 unicast autonomous-system 64512
 af-interface default
 shutdown
exit-af-interface
 af-interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
 no shutdown
 exit-af-interface
  af-interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1
 no shutdown
  exit-af-interface
  af-interface Loopback0
 no shutdown
 exit-af-interface
 topology base
 exit-af-topology
 network 10.1.23.0 0.0.0.255
 network 10.1.32.0 0.0.0.255
 network 10.3.3.0 0.0.0.255
 eigrp router-id 3.3.3.3
 exit-address-family
 address-family ipv6 unicast autonomous-system 64512
```

```
af-interface default
 shutdown
  exit-af-interface
  af-interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
 no shutdown
  exit-af-interface
 af-interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1
  no shutdown
 exit-af-interface
 af-interface Loopback0
  no shutdown
 exit-af-interface
 topology base
  exit-af-topology
eigrp router-id 3.3.3.3
 exit-address-family
ip forward-protocol nd
no ip http server
ip http secure-server
control-plane
banner motd ^C R3, Configure Route Redistribution Between EIGRP and OSPF ^C
line con 0
exec-timeout 0 0
logging synchronous
transport input none
stopbits 1
line aux 0
stopbits 1
line vty 0 4
login
end
Switch D1
D1# show running-config
Building configuration...
Current configuration: 4574 bytes
version 16.9
no service pad
```

```
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
! Call-home is enabled by Smart-Licensing.
service call-home
no platform punt-keepalive disable-kernel-core
hostname D1
vrf definition Mgmt-vrf
address-family ipv4
exit-address-family
address-family ipv6
exit-address-family
no aaa new-model
switch 1 provision ws-c3650-24ps
ip routing
no ip domain lookup
ipv6 unicast-routing
diagnostic bootup level minimal
spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
redundancy
mode sso
transceiver type all
monitoring
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-topology-control
 description Topology control
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-sw-forward
  description Sw forwarding, L2 LVX data, LOGGING
class-map match-any system-cpp-default
  description DHCP Snooping, EWLC control, EWCL data
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-sys-data
  description Learning cache ovfl, Crypto Control, Exception, EGR Exception, NFL
SAMPLED DATA, RPF Failed
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-punt-webauth
  description Punt Webauth
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-121vx-control
 description L2 LVX control packets
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-forus
  description Forus Address resolution and Forus traffic
```

```
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-multicast-end-station
  description MCAST END STATION
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-multicast
  description Transit Traffic and MCAST Data
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-12-control
  description L2 control
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-dot1x-auth
  description DOT1X Auth
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-data
 description ICMP redirect, ICMP GEN and BROADCAST
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-stackwise-virt-control
 description Stackwise Virtual
class-map match-any non-client-nrt-class
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-routing-control
  description Routing control
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-protocol-snooping
  description Protocol snooping
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-system-critical
  description System Critical and Gold
policy-map system-cpp-policy
interface Loopback0
ip address 209.165.201.1 255.255.255.128
ipv6 address FE80::209:1 link-local
ipv6 address 2001:DB8:209:165:201::1/80
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
vrf forwarding Mgmt-vrf
no ip address
speed 1000
negotiation auto
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/1
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/2
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/3
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/4
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/5
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/6
shutdown
```

```
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/7
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/8
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/9
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/10
shutdown
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/11
no switchport
ip address 10.1.11.2 255.255.255.0
ipv6 address FE80::11:2 link-local
ipv6 address 2001:DB8:ACAD:11::2/64
ospfv3 1 ipv6 area 11
ospfv3 1 ipv4 area 11
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/12
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/13
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/14
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/15
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/16
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/17
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/18
shutdown
!
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/19
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/20
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/21
shutdown
```

```
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/22
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/23
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/24
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/1/1
interface GigabitEthernet1/1/2
interface GigabitEthernet1/1/3
interface GigabitEthernet1/1/4
interface Vlan1
no ip address
router ospfv3 1
router-id 11.11.11.11
address-family ipv4 unicast
 passive-interface Loopback0
default-information originate
exit-address-family
address-family ipv6 unicast
passive-interface Loopback0
default-information originate
exit-address-family
ip forward-protocol nd
ip http server
ip http secure-server
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 Loopback0
ipv6 route ::/0 Loopback0
control-plane
service-policy input system-cpp-policy
banner motd ^C D1, Configure Route Redistribution Between EIGRP and OSPF ^C
line con 0
exec-timeout 0 0
logging synchronous
stopbits 1
```

```
line aux 0
stopbits 1
line vty 0 4
login
line vty 5 15
login
!
```

#### Switch D2

```
D2# show running-config
Building configuration...
Current configuration: 4972 bytes
version 16.6
no service pad
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
no platform punt-keepalive disable-kernel-core
hostname D2
vrf definition Mgmt-vrf
address-family ipv4
exit-address-family
address-family ipv6
exit-address-family
no aaa new-model
switch 1 provision ws-c3650-24ps
ip routing
no ip domain lookup
ipv6 unicast-routing
diagnostic bootup level minimal
spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
redundancy
mode sso
transceiver type all
monitoring
```

```
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-topology-control
 description Topology control
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-sw-forward
description Sw forwarding, L2 LVX data, LOGGING
class-map match-any system-cpp-default
  description DHCP Snooping, EWLC control, EWCL data
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-sys-data
  description Learning cache ovfl, Crypto Control, Exception, EGR Exception, NFL
SAMPLED DATA, RPF Failed
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-punt-webauth
  description Punt Webauth
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-121vx-control
 description L2 LVX control packets
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-forus
  description Forus Address resolution and Forus traffic
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-multicast-end-station
description MCAST END STATION
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-multicast
  description Transit Traffic and MCAST Data
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-12-control
description L2 control
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-dot1x-auth
  description DOT1X Auth
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-data
  description ICMP redirect, ICMP GEN and BROADCAST
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-stackwise-virt-control
  description Stackwise Virtual
class-map match-any non-client-nrt-class
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-routing-control
 description Routing control
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-protocol-snooping
  description Protocol snooping
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-system-critical
 description System Critical and Gold
policy-map system-cpp-policy
interface Loopback0
ip address 198.51.100.1 255.255.255.128
ipv6 address FE80::198:2 link-local
ipv6 address 2001:DB8:198:51:100::1/80
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
vrf forwarding Mgmt-vrf
no ip address
speed 1000
negotiation auto
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/1
```

```
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/2
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/3
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/4
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/5
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/6
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/7
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/8
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/9
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/10
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/11
no switchport
ip address 10.1.32.2 255.255.255.0
ipv6 address FE80::32:2 link-local
ipv6 address 2001:DB8:ACAD:32::2/64
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/12
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/13
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/14
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/15
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/16
shutdown
!
```

```
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/17
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/18
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/19
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/20
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/21
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/22
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/23
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/24
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet1/1/1
interface GigabitEthernet1/1/2
interface GigabitEthernet1/1/3
interface GigabitEthernet1/1/4
interface Vlan1
no ip address
router eigrp CISCO
 address-family ipv4 unicast autonomous-system 64512
 af-interface default
  shutdown
 exit-af-interface
 af-interface Loopback0
  no shutdown
 passive-interface
  exit-af-interface
  af-interface GigabitEthernet1/0/11
  no shutdown
```

```
exit-af-interface
 topology base
 exit-af-topology
 network 10.1.32.0 0.0.0.255
 network 198.51.100.0 0.0.0.127
 eigrp router-id 22.22.22.22
 exit-address-family
 address-family ipv6 unicast autonomous-system 64512
 af-interface default
 shutdown
 exit-af-interface
 af-interface Loopback0
  no shutdown
 passive-interface
  exit-af-interface
  af-interface GigabitEthernet1/0/11
 no shutdown
 exit-af-interface
 topology base
 exit-af-topology
 eigrp router-id 22.22.22.22
exit-address-family
ip forward-protocol nd
ip http server
ip http secure-server
control-plane
service-policy input system-cpp-policy
banner motd ^C D2, Configure Route Redistribution Between EIGRP and OSPF ^C
line con 0
exec-timeout 0 0
logging synchronous
stopbits 1
line aux 0
stopbits 1
line vty 0 4
login
line vty 5 15
login
end
```